

LETTER OF BUDGET TRANSMITTAL

Date: January 26, 2024

To: Division of Local Government
1313 Sherman Street, Room 521
Denver, Colorado 80203

Attached are the 2024 budget and budget message for FOURTH NORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT in Summit County, Colorado, submitted pursuant to Section 29-1-113, C.R.S. This budget was adopted on November 6, 2023. If there are any questions on the budget, please contact:

Simmons & Wheeler, P.C.
Attn: Diane Wheeler
304 Inverness Way South, #490
Englewood, Colorado 80112
Tel.: (303) 689 – 0833

I, Timothy Fredregill, as President of the Fourth North Business Improvement District, hereby certify that the attached is a true and correct copy of the 2024 budget.

By: Tim Fredregill
President

RESOLUTION
TO ADOPT 2024 BUDGET, APPROPRIATE SUMS OF MONEY,
AND AUTHORIZE THE CERTIFICATION OF THE TAX LEVY
FOURTH NORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

A RESOLUTION SUMMARIZING REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR EACH FUND, ADOPTING A BUDGET, LEVYING GENERAL PROPERTY TAXES FOR THE YEAR 2024 TO HELP DEFRAY THE COSTS OF GOVERNMENT, AND APPROPRIATING SUMS OF MONEY TO THE VARIOUS FUNDS IN THE AMOUNTS AND FOR THE PURPOSES SET FORTH HEREIN FOR THE FOURTH NORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT, SUMMIT COUNTY, COLORADO, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR BEGINNING ON THE FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, 2024, AND ENDING ON THE LAST DAY OF DECEMBER, 2024,

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of the Fourth North Business Improvement District has authorized its consultants to prepare and submit a proposed budget to said governing body at the proper time; and

WHEREAS, the proposed budget has been submitted to the Board of Directors of the District for its consideration; and

WHEREAS, upon due and proper notice, published or posted in accordance with the law, said proposed budget was available for inspection by the public at a designated public office, a public hearing was held on November 6, 2023 and interested electors were given the opportunity to file or register any objections to said proposed budget; and

WHEREAS, whatever increases may have been made in the expenditures, like increases were added to the revenues or planned to be expended from reserves or fund balances so that the budget remains in balance, as required by law; and

WHEREAS, the amount of money necessary to balance the budget for general operating purposes from property tax revenue is \$ 9,244; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors finds that it is required to temporarily lower the operating mill levy to render a refund for \$ 0; and

WHEREAS, the amount of money necessary to balance the budget for voter-approved bonds and interest is \$ 0; and

WHEREAS, the amount of money necessary to balance the budget for contractual obligation purposes from property tax revenue as approved by voters from property tax revenue is \$ 0; and

WHEREAS, the amount of money necessary to balance the budget for capital expenditure purposes from property tax revenue as approved by voters or at public hearing is \$ 0 _____; and

WHEREAS, the amount of money necessary to balance the budget for refunds/abatements is \$ _____; and

WHEREAS, the 2023 valuation for assessment for the District as certified by the County Assessor of Summit is \$ 555,870 ; and

WHEREAS, at an election held on November 2, 2021, the District has eliminated the revenue and expenditure limitations imposed on governmental entities by Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution and Section 29-1-301, C.R.S., as amended.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE FOURTH NORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF SUMMIT COUNTY, COLORADO:

Section 1. Adoption of Budget. That the budget as submitted, and attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference, and if amended, then as amended, is hereby approved and adopted as the budget of the Fourth North Business Improvement District for calendar year 2024.

Section 2. Budget Revenues. That the estimated revenues for each fund as more specifically set out in the budget attached hereto are accepted and approved.

Section 3. Budget Expenditures. That the estimated expenditures for each fund as more specifically set out in the budget attached hereto are accepted and approved.

Section 4. Levy of General Property Taxes. That the Board of Directors does hereby certify the levy of general property taxes for collection in 2024 as follows:

A. Levy for General Operating and Other Expenses. That for the purposes of meeting all general operating expense of the District during the 2024 budget year, there is hereby levied a tax of 16.630 mills upon each dollar of the total valuation of assessment of all taxable property within the District for the year 2023.

B. Temporary Tax Credit or Rate Reduction. That pursuant to Section 39-1-111.5, C.R.S. for the purposes of effect of a refund for the purposes set forth in Section 20 of Article X of the Colorado Constitution, there is hereby certified a temporary property tax credit or temporary mill levy rate reduction of 0.000 mills upon each dollar of the total valuation of assessment of all taxable property within the boundaries of the District for the year 2023.

C. Levy for General Obligation Bonds and Interest. That for the purposes of meeting all debt retirement expense of the District during the 2024 budget year, as the funding requirements of the current outstanding general obligation indebtedness is detailed in the

following "Certification of Tax Levies," there is hereby levied a tax of 0.000 mills upon each dollar of the total valuation for assessment of all taxable property within the District for the year 2023.

D. Levy for Contractual Obligations. That for the purposes of meeting the contractual obligation expense of the District during the 2024 budget year, as detailed in the following "Certification of Tax Levies," there is hereby levied a tax of 0.000 mills upon each dollar of the total valuation for assessment of all taxable property within the District for the year 2023.

E. Levy for Capital Expenditures. That for the purposes of meeting all capital expenditures of the District during the 2024 budget year pursuant to Section 29-1-301(1.2) or 29-1-302(1.5), C.R.S., there is hereby levied a tax of 0.000 mills upon each dollar of the total valuation of assessment of all taxable property within the boundaries of the District for the year 2023.

F. Levy for Refunds/Abatements. That for the purposes of recoupment of refunds/abatements of taxes pursuant to Section 39-10-114(1)(a)(I)(B), C.R.S., there is hereby levied a tax of 0.000 mills upon each dollar of the total valuation of assessment of all taxable property within the boundaries of the District for the year 2023.

Section 5. Property Tax and Fiscal Year Spending Limits. That, being fully informed, the Board finds that the foregoing budget and mill levies do not result in a violation of any applicable property tax or fiscal year spending limitation.

Section 6. Certification. That the appropriate officers of the District are hereby authorized and directed to certify to the Board of County Commissioners of Summit County, Colorado, the mill levies for the District herein above determined and set, or be authorized and directed to certify to the Board of County Commissioners of Summit County, Colorado, as herein above determined and set, but as recalculated as needed upon receipt of the final certification of valuation from the County Assessor in order to comply with any applicable revenue and other budgetary limits or to implement the intent of the District. That said certification shall be in substantially the form set out and attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.

Section 7. Appropriations. That the amounts set forth as expenditures and balances remaining, as specifically allocated in the budget attached hereto, are hereby appropriated from the revenue of each fund, to each fund, for the purposes stated and no other.

[remainder of page intentionally left blank; signature page follows]

ADOPTED this 6th day of November, 2023.

FOURTH NORTH BUSINESS
IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

By: Tim Fredregill
President

ATTEST:

By: Chase LaFrano
Secretary

FOURTH NORTH BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT
2024
BUDGET MESSAGE

Attached please find a copy of the adopted 2024 budget for the Fourth North Business Improvement District.

The Fourth North Business Improvement District has adopted budgets for three funds, a General Fund to provide for operating and maintenance expenditures; a Capital Fund to provide for the estimated infrastructure costs to be built for the benefit of the district; and a Debt Service Fund to provide for payments on the general obligation debt.

The district's accountants have utilized the modified accrual basis of accounting, and the budget has been adopted after proper postings, publications and public hearing.

The primary sources of revenue for the district in 2024 will be tax revenue, transfers from Fourth Street Crossing Metropolitan District No. 1 and 2, and developer advances. The district intends to impose a 16.630 mill levy on property within the district for 2024, all of which is dedicated to the General Fund.

Fourth North Business Improvement District
Adopted Budget
General Fund
For the Year ended December 31, 2024

	Actual <u>2022</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>	Actual <u>6/30/2023</u>	Estimate <u>2023</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2024</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Revenues:					
TIF Revenue	-	5,274	-	-	7,657
Property taxes	-	9,101	11,631	11,631	9,244
Specific ownership taxes	-	455	353	700	462
Transfer from Fourth North MD	-	-	-	-	21,922
Developer advances	<u>11,882</u>	<u>35,625</u>	<u>8,540</u>	<u>28,856</u>	<u>33,738</u>
Total revenues	<u>11,882</u>	<u>50,455</u>	<u>20,524</u>	<u>41,187</u>	<u>73,023</u>
Total funds available	<u>11,882</u>	<u>50,455</u>	<u>20,524</u>	<u>41,187</u>	<u>73,023</u>
Expenditures:					
Accounting/audit	842	2,500	3,812	7,500	7,500
Election	-	-	1,338	1,338	-
Insurance/ SDA Dues	600	2,500	1,016	2,500	2,500
Legal	10,440	15,000	4,026	15,000	15,000
Engineering	-	10,000	5,483	10,000	10,000
Miscellaneous	-	2,000	4,267	4,267	2,000
Management	-	1,500	-	-	1,500
Contingency	-	15,000	-	-	32,561
Treasurer's Fees	-	455	582	582	462
Emergency Reserve	-	1,500	-	-	1,500
Total expenditures	<u>11,882</u>	<u>50,455</u>	<u>20,524</u>	<u>41,187</u>	<u>73,023</u>
Ending fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Assessed valuation		\$ 898,440			\$ 1,016,320
TIF		<u>329,630</u>			<u>460,450</u>
Net Assessed value		<u>\$ 568,810</u>			<u>\$ 555,870</u>
Mill Levy		<u>16.000</u>			<u>16.630</u>

Fourth North Business Improvement District
Adopted Budget
Capital Projects Fund
For the Year ended December 31, 2024

	Actual <u>2022</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>	Actual <u>6/30/2023</u>	Estimate <u>2023</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2024</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ -	\$ 18,537,002	\$ 8,995,004	\$ 8,995,004	\$ 4,195,004
Revenues:					
Interest Income	116,119	-	145,333	200,000	-
Bond Proceeds	52,066,000	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>52,182,119</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>145,333</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Total funds available	<u>52,182,119</u>	<u>18,537,002</u>	<u>9,140,337</u>	<u>9,195,004</u>	<u>4,195,004</u>
Expenditures:					
Issuance costs	709,218	-	-	-	-
Capital expenditures	14,702,008	18,537,002	4,397,464	5,000,000	4,195,004
Transfer to Fourth Street Crossing	22,012,338	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Debt Service	5,763,551	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>43,187,115</u>	<u>18,537,002</u>	<u>4,397,464</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>4,195,004</u>
Ending fund balance	<u>\$ 8,995,004</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,742,873</u>	<u>\$ 4,195,004</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Fourth North Business Improvement District
Adopted Budget
Debt Service Fund
For the Year ended December 31, 2024

	Actual <u>2022</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>	Actual 6/30/2023	Estimate <u>2023</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2024</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ -	\$ 3,360,527	\$ 5,023,947	\$ 5,023,947	\$ 3,460,086
Revenues:					
Transfer from Metro District	-	-	-	-	21,922
Transfer from Fourth Crossing	433,501	2,074,315	4,639	660,277	2,184,070
Transfer from Capital Projects	5,763,551	-	-	-	-
Interest Income	49,916	-	91,188	150,000	-
Total revenues	<u>6,246,968</u>	<u>2,074,315</u>	<u>95,827</u>	<u>810,277</u>	<u>2,205,992</u>
Total funds available	<u>6,246,968</u>	<u>5,434,842</u>	<u>5,119,774</u>	<u>5,834,224</u>	<u>5,666,078</u>
Expenditures:					
Bond interest expense	1,223,021	2,367,138	1,183,569	2,367,138	2,367,138
Trustee / paying agent fees	-	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000
Total expenditures	<u>1,223,021</u>	<u>2,374,138</u>	<u>1,190,569</u>	<u>2,374,138</u>	<u>2,374,138</u>
Ending fund balance	<u>\$ 5,023,947</u>	<u>\$ 3,060,704</u>	<u>\$ 3,929,205</u>	<u>\$ 3,460,086</u>	<u>\$ 3,291,940</u>
Assessed valuation		\$ 898,440			\$ 1,016,320
TIF		<u>329,630</u>			<u>460,450</u>
Net Assessed value		<u>\$ 568,810</u>			<u>\$ 555,870</u>
Mill Levy		<u>0.000</u>			<u>0.000</u>
Total Mill Levy		<u>16.000</u>			<u>16.630</u>

CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Governments

TO: County Commissioners¹ of Summit County, Colorado.

On behalf of the Fourth North Business Improvement District,
(taxing entity)^A

the Board of Directors,
(governing body)^B

of the Fourth North Business Improvement District,
(local government)^C

Hereby officially certifies the following mills to be levied against the taxing entity's GROSS \$ 1,016,320 assessed valuation of: (GROSS^D assessed valuation, Line 2 of the Certification of Valuation Form DLG 57^E)

Note: If the assessor certified a NET assessed valuation (AV) different than the GROSS AV due to a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Area^F the tax levies must be calculated using the NET AV. The taxing entity's total property tax revenue will be derived from the mill levy multiplied against the NET assessed valuation of: \$ 555,870 (NET^G assessed valuation, Line 4 of the Certification of Valuation Form DLG 57)
USE VALUE FROM FINAL CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION PROVIDED BY ASSESSOR NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 10

Submitted: _____ for budget/fiscal year 2024.
(not later than Dec. 15) (mm/dd/yyyy) (yyyy)

PURPOSE (see end notes for definitions and examples)	LEVY ²	REVENUE ²
1. General Operating Expenses ^H	<u>16.630</u> mills	\$ <u>9,244</u>
2. <Minus> Temporary General Property Tax Credit/ Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction ^I	< _____ > mills	\$ < _____ >
SUBTOTAL FOR GENERAL OPERATING:	16.630 mills	\$ 9,244
3. General Obligation Bonds and Interest ^J	_____ mills	\$ _____
4. Contractual Obligations ^K	_____ mills	\$ _____
5. Capital Expenditures ^L	_____ mills	\$ _____
6. Refunds/Abatements ^M	_____ mills	\$ _____
7. Other ^N (specify): _____	_____ mills	\$ _____
_____	_____ mills	\$ _____
TOTAL: [Sum of General Operating Subtotal and Lines 3 to 7]	16.630 mills	\$ 9,244

Contact person: _____ Daytime phone: (303) 689-0833
(print) Diane K Wheeler

Signed: Diane K Wheeler Title: District Accountant

Include one copy of this tax entity's completed form when filing the local government's budget by January 31st, per 29-1-113 C.R.S., with the Division of Local Government (DLG), Room 521, 1313 Sherman Street, Denver, CO 80203. Questions? Call DLG at (303) 866-2156.

¹ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution.
² Levies must be rounded to three decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's final certification of valuation).

CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES, continued

THIS SECTION APPLIES TO TITLE 32, ARTICLE 1 SPECIAL DISTRICTS THAT LEVY TAXES FOR PAYMENT OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT (32-1-1603 C.R.S.). Taxing entities that are

Special Districts or Subdistricts of Special Districts must certify separate mill levies and revenues to the Board of County Commissioners, one each for the funding requirements of each debt (32-1-1603, C.R.S.) Use additional pages as necessary. The Special District's or Subdistrict's total levies for general obligation bonds and total levies for contractual obligations should be recorded on Page 1, Lines 3 and 4 respectively.

CERTIFY A SEPARATE MILL LEVY FOR EACH BOND OR CONTRACT:

BONDS^J:

1. Purpose of Issue: _____
Series: _____
Date of Issue: _____
Coupon Rate: _____
Maturity Date: _____
Levy: _____
Revenue: _____

2. Purpose of Issue: _____
Series: _____
Date of Issue: _____
Coupon Rate: _____
Maturity Date: _____
Levy: _____
Revenue: _____

CONTRACTS^K:

3. Purpose of Contract: _____
Title: _____
Date: _____
Principal Amount: _____
Maturity Date: _____
Levy: _____
Revenue: _____

4. Purpose of Contract: _____
Title: _____
Date: _____
Principal Amount: _____
Maturity Date: _____
Levy: _____
Revenue: _____

Use multiple copies of this page as necessary to separately report all bond and contractual obligations per 32-1-1603, C.R.S.

Notes:

^A **Taxing Entity**—A jurisdiction authorized by law to impose ad valorem property taxes on taxable property located within its territorial limits (please see notes B, C, and H below). For purposes of the DLG 70 only, a taxing entity is also a geographic area formerly located within a *taxing entity's* boundaries for which the county assessor certifies a valuation for assessment and which is responsible for payment of its share until retirement of financial obligations incurred by the *taxing entity* when the area was part of the *taxing entity*. For example: an area of excluded property formerly within a special district with outstanding general obligation debt at the time of the exclusion or the area located within the former boundaries of a dissolved district whose outstanding general obligation debt service is administered by another local government^C.

^B **Governing Body**—The board of county commissioners, the city council, the board of trustees, the board of directors, or the board of any other entity that is responsible for the certification of the *taxing entity's* mill levy. For example: the board of county commissioners is the governing board ex officio of a county public improvement district (PID); the board of a water and sanitation district constitutes ex officio the board of directors of the water subdistrict.

^C **Local Government** - For purposes of this line on Page 1 of the DLG 70, the local government is the political subdivision under whose authority and within whose boundaries the *taxing entity* was created. The local government is authorized to levy property taxes on behalf of the *taxing entity*. For example, for the purposes of this form:

1. a municipality is both the local government and the *taxing entity* when levying its own levy for its entire jurisdiction;
2. a city is the local government when levying a tax on behalf of a business improvement district (BID) *taxing entity* which it created and whose city council is the BID board;
3. a fire district is the local government if it created a subdistrict, the *taxing entity*, on whose behalf the fire district levies property taxes.
4. a town is the local government when it provides the service for a dissolved water district and the town board serves as the board of a dissolved water district, the *taxing entity*, for the purpose of certifying a levy for the annual debt service on outstanding obligations.

^D **GROSS Assessed Value** - There will be a difference between gross assessed valuation and net assessed valuation reported by the county assessor only if there is a “tax increment financing” entity (see below), such as a downtown development authority or an urban renewal authority, within the boundaries of the *taxing entity*. The board of county commissioners certifies each *taxing entity's* total mills upon the *taxing entity's* Gross Assessed Value found on Line 2 of Form DLG 57.

^E **Certification of Valuation by County Assessor, Form DLG 57** - The county assessor(s) uses this form (or one similar) to provide valuation for assessment information to a *taxing entity*. The county assessor must provide this certification no later than August 25th each year and may amend it, one time, prior to December 10th.

^F **TIF Area**—A downtown development authority (DDA) or urban renewal authority (URA), may form plan areas that use “tax increment financing” to derive revenue from increases in assessed valuation (gross minus net, Form DLG 57 Line 3) attributed to the activities/improvements within the plan area. The DDA or URA receives the differential revenue of each overlapping *taxing entity's* mill levy applied against the *taxing entity's* gross assessed value after subtracting the *taxing entity's* revenues derived from its mill levy applied against the net assessed value.

^G **NET Assessed Value**—The total taxable assessed valuation from which the *taxing entity* will derive revenues for its uses. It is found on Line 4 of Form DLG 57.

^H **General Operating Expenses (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 1)**—The levy and accompanying revenue reported on Line 1 is for general operations and includes, in aggregate, all levies for and revenues raised by a *taxing entity* for purposes not lawfully exempted and detailed in Lines 3 through 7 on Page 1 of the DLG 70. For example: a fire pension levy is included in general operating expenses, unless the pension is voter-approved, if voter-approved, use Line 7 (Other).

^I Temporary Tax Credit for Operations (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 2)—The Temporary General Property Tax Credit/ Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction of 39-1-111.5, C.R.S. may be applied to the *taxing entity's* levy for general operations to effect refunds. Temporary Tax Credits (TTCs) are not necessary for other types of levies (non-general operations) certified on this form because these levies are adjusted from year to year as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments established for the payment of any obligation incurred by the *taxing entity* per 29-1-301(1.7), C.R.S., or they are certified as authorized at election per 29-1-302(2)(b), C.R.S.

^J General Obligation Bonds and Interest (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 3)—Enter on this line the total levy required to pay the annual debt service of all general obligation bonds. Per 29-1-301(1.7) C.R.S., the amount of revenue levied for this purpose cannot be greater than the amount of revenue required for such purpose as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments. Title 32, Article 1 Special districts and subdistricts must complete Page 2 of the DLG 70.

^K Contractual Obligation (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 4)—If repayment of a contractual obligation with property tax has been approved at election and it is not a general obligation bond (shown on Line 3), the mill levy is entered on this line. Per 29-1-301(1.7) C.R.S., the amount of revenue levied for this purpose cannot be greater than the amount of revenue required for such purpose as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments.

^L Capital Expenditures (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 5)—These revenues are not subject to the statutory property tax revenue limit if they are approved by counties and municipalities through public hearings pursuant to 29-1-301(1.2) C.R.S. and for special districts through approval from the Division of Local Government pursuant to 29-1-302(1.5) C.R.S. or for any *taxing entity* if approved at election. Only levies approved by these methods should be entered on Line 5.

^M Refunds/Abatements (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 6)—The county assessor reports on the Certification of Valuation (DLG 57 Line 11) the amount of revenue from property tax that the local government did not receive in the prior year because taxpayers were given refunds for taxes they had paid or they were given abatements for taxes originally charged to them due to errors made in their property valuation. The local government was due the tax revenue and would have collected it through an adjusted mill levy if the valuation errors had not occurred. Since the government was due the revenue, it may levy, in the subsequent year, a mill to collect the refund/abatement revenue. An abatement/refund mill levy may generate revenues up to, but not exceeding, the refund/abatement amount from Form DLG 57 Line 11.

1. Please Note: If the *taxing entity* is in more than one county, as with all levies, the abatement levy must be uniform throughout the entity's boundaries and certified the same to each county. To calculate the abatement/refund levy for a *taxing entity* that is located in more than one county, first total the abatement/refund amounts reported by each county assessor, then divide by the *taxing entity's* total net assessed value, then multiply by 1,000 and round down to the nearest three decimals to prevent levying for more revenue than was abated/refunded. This results in an abatement/refund mill levy that will be uniformly certified to all of the counties in which the *taxing entity* is located even though the abatement/refund did not occur in all the counties.

^N Other (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 7)—Report other levies and revenue not subject to 29-1-301 C.R.S. that were not reported above. For example: a levy for the purposes of television relay or translator facilities as specified in sections 29-7-101, 29-7-102, and 29-7-105 and 32-1-1005 (1) (a), C.R.S.; a voter-approved fire pension levy; a levy for special purposes such as developmental disabilities, open space, etc.